SERVING SOCIETY THROUGH THE WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION SAND AND DUST STORM WARNING ADVISORY AND ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

> ISPRS VIII/WG-2 Symposium Santa Fe, New Mexico September 12-13, 2011

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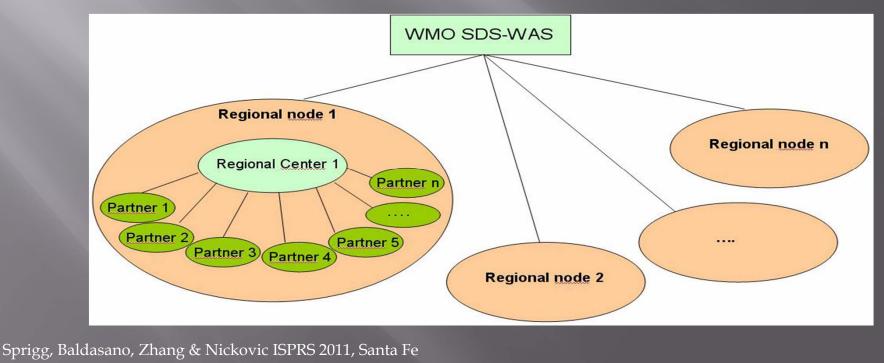
Organization

Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputació

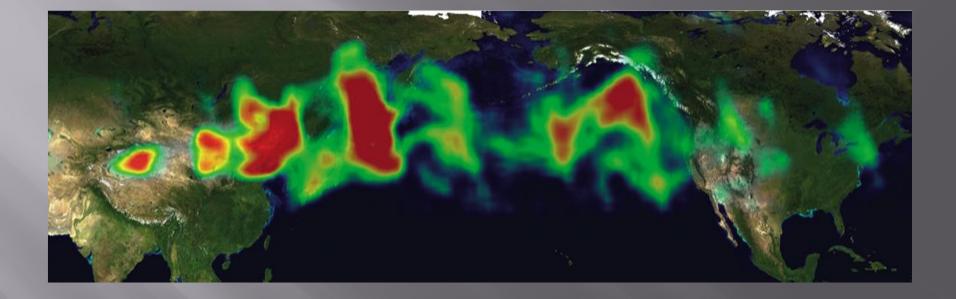




- A Federated System ... To reduce risks associated with sand and dust storms around the world
 - Coordinated through World Meteorological Organization research offices in Geneva
 - Two regional nodes of the Sand and Dust Storm Warning Advisory and Assessment System (SDS-WAS) ... assemble data and create value-added forecasts and analyses



Desert Dusts Travel the World



Satellite-derived Aerosol Optical Depth Over Several Days in April 2001 (a NASA composit)

Transcontinental Transport

- Desert soils contain bacteria, fungi, viruses, plant pollen, heavy metals and unknown quantities of imported toxins¹
- Tampa, Florida: airborne PM 0.3 1.0 concentrations during an African dust event were 10 times above background¹
- Fungal Diseases of Crops (e.g. sugarcane, bananas) appear in the Caribbean within a few days of an outbreak in Africa, and Foot and Mouth Disease (endemic to the Sahel) may be²
- Bacterial Pathogens of Rice & Beans, and Bacterial Bearers of Disease of Fruit & Trees are transported from Africa to the Caribbean ^{1,2}
- Paediatric Asthma emergency admissions on Trinidad are linked to African dust clouds³

[1] Griffin, D.W. (2007); [2] Kellogg & Griffin (2005); [3] Gyan, K., et.al. (2005)

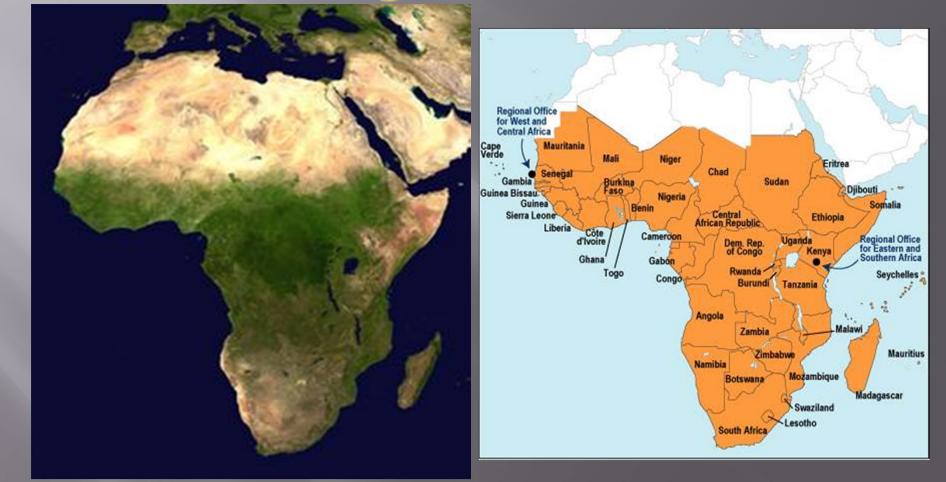
See also presentations by Centeno, Lyles, Plumlee

Two nodes: (1) Barcelona, Spain, and (2) Beijing, China And collaborating countries within their regions

- Use satellites and a network of cooperating monitoring stations to document sand and dust storms and their downwind plumes
- Use atmospheric models to simulate and predict them
- Create value-added products for client applications

- The SDS-WAS in the World Health Organization (WHO) Meningitis Environmental Risk Information Technologies (MERIT) project
 See also presentations by Onoda, Trzaska, LaFaye & Haynes
- MERIT supports meningococcal meningitis prevention and control in the African Sahel
- SDS-WAS Barcelona performed a multi-decadal reanalysis of meteorology and airborne dust using a regional dust atmospheric model for MERIT epidemiology
- All information from the SDS-WAS is available to the public.

Serving Society through the WMO SDS-WAS Meningitis in Africa



Meningococcal meningitis occurs worldwide but especially so in dry Sub-Saharan Africa: the "African meningitis belt", including Nigeria, Burkina Faso, Mali, Niger, Chad, Cameroon....

Saharan Dust Storm

Airborne dust is thought to be a precursor to massive outbreaks of meningitis in the Sahel

Serving Society through the WMO SDS-WAS Regional Centres

• Mediterranean North Africa, Middle East, Europe Centre – Meteo France, U. of Athens, U. of Tel Aviv, Egyptian Meteorological Agency

•Hosts:

Barcelona Supercomputing Centre
National Institute of Meteorology
National Research Council

· East Asian Centre

· Pan-American Centre (proposed)

The Regional Center

Managed by a consortium of the Spanish Meteorological Agency (AEMET) and the Barcelona Supercomputing Center (BSC-CNS(



MINISTERIO DE MEDIO AMBIENTE Y MEDIO RURAL Y MARINO

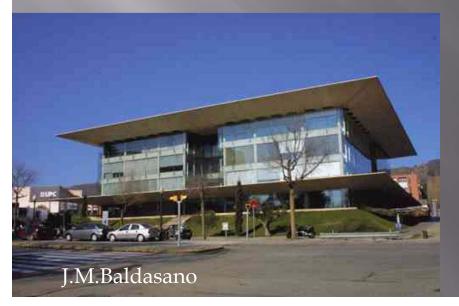


Nexus II building. Campus Nord Catalonia Technical University Barcelona



Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

MareNostrum supercomputer





http://sds-was.aemet.es

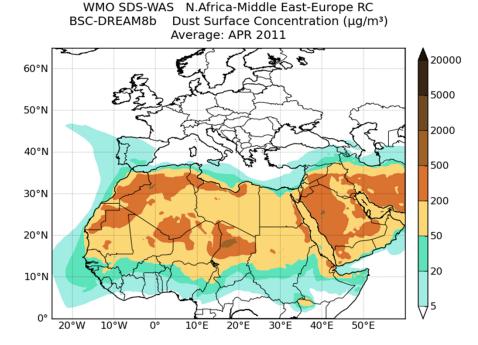
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>	About us		Northern Africa-Middle East-Europe (NA-ME-E) Regional Center							
>	Forecast & Products		by <u>admin</u> — last modified Mar 14, 2011 06:05 PM							
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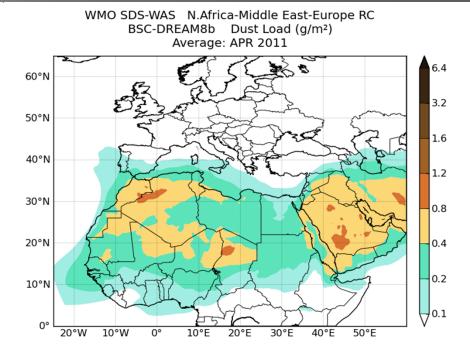
sdswas@aemet.es

Objectives of the Regional Center

- Identify and improve products to monitor and predict atmospheric dust by working with research and operational organizations, as well as with users
- Facilitate user access to information
- Strengthen the capacity of countries to use the observations, analysis and predictions provided by the WMO SDS-WAS programme

Time averaged products







CLIMATE AND HEALTH BULLETIN

J.M.Baldasano

CMAD

Serving Society through the WMO SDS-WAS Model Applications in AQ Simulate & Predict Threshold 'Dust' Concentrations Monitor Regional AQ Identify Airborne Dust Sources Evaluate Dust Control Policies Assess AQ in Future Climates

Serving Society through the WMO SDS-WAS Regional Centres

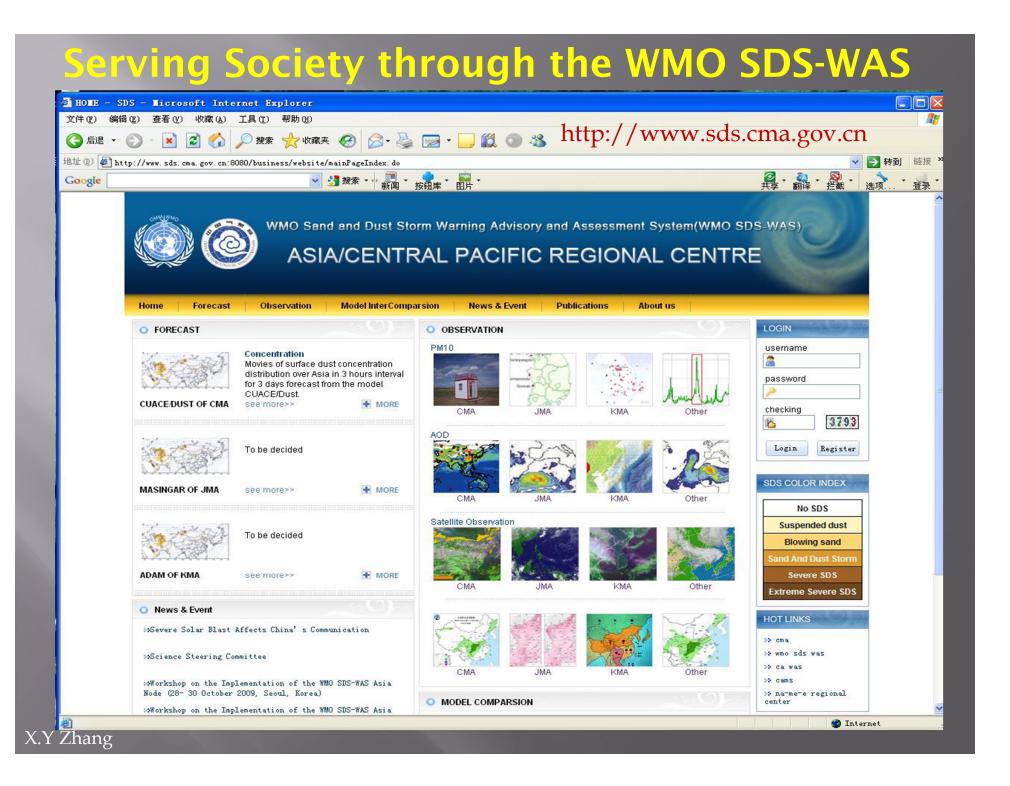
• East Asian Centre - China, Japan, Korea, Mongolia

•Host:

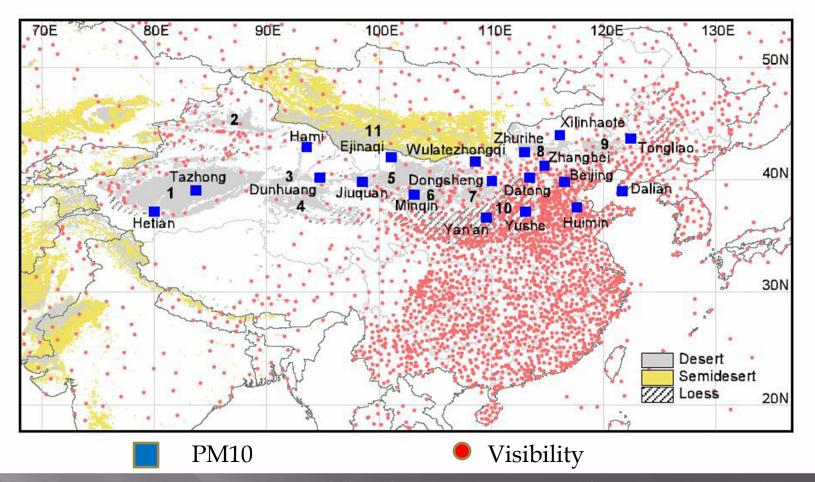
China Meteorological Administration
Satellite Meteorological Centre
National Meteorological Centre
Centre for Atmospheric Watch & Services

• Mediterranean North Africa, Middle East, Europe Centre

· Pan-American Centre (proposed)



Documenting Mineral Dust Regions

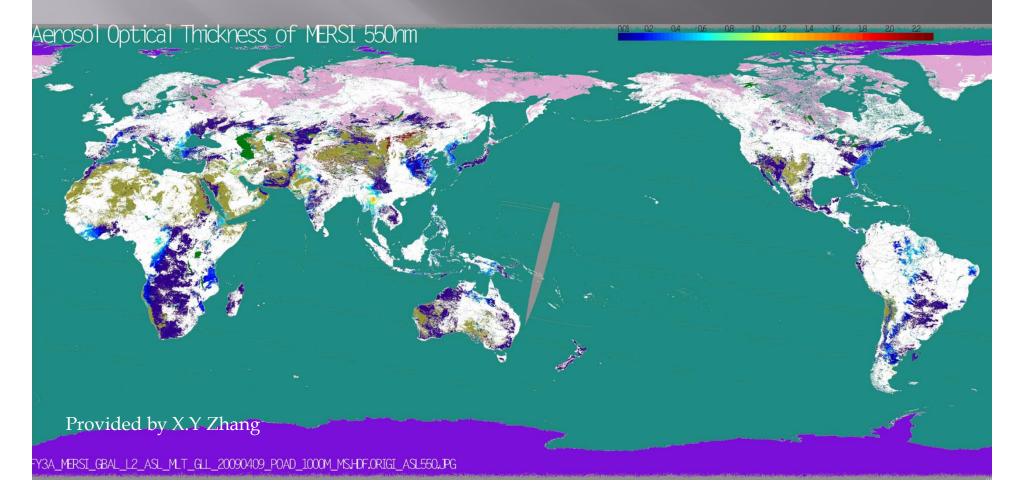


Main dust source regions: 1, Taklimakan Desert; 2, Gurbantunggut Desert; 3, Kumtag Desert; 4, Qiadam Basin Desert; 5, Badain Juran Desert; 6, Tengger Desert; 7, Mu Us Desert; 8, Onqin Daga sandy land; 9, Horqin sandy land; 10, Loess Plateau; 11, Mongolia.

X.Y Zhang

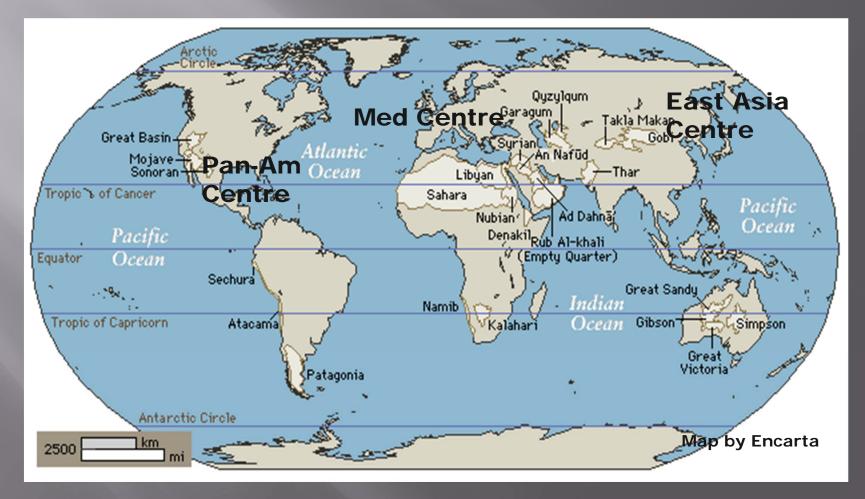
- MERSI Medium Resolution Spectral Imager
- MERSI a scanner aboard the third FengYun ("Wind and Cloud") series of meteorological satellites launched by China. FY-3A, launched June 2008

2009/ 04/09 MERSI/FY3A Aerosol Optical Thickness over land (spatial resolution 0.01°′0.01°)



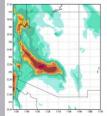
Regional Centres

Centres Are Hubs for Collaboration



Proposed Pan-American SDS-WAS Centre

Valley Fever





W.A.Sprigg

Example: Valley Fever Endemic Zone



Hector and Laniado-Laborin, 2002

W.A.Sprigg

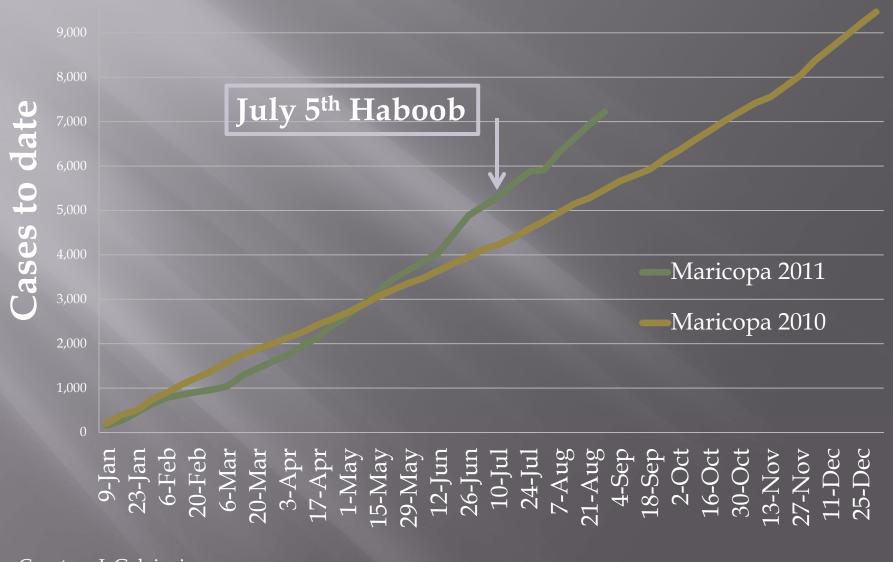
5 July 2011 Phoenix Arizona

7:45 PM looking south from the NWS Phoenix office in Tempe as the dust storm neared.



W.A.Sprigg, S. Nickovic, G. Pejanovic, J. Galgiani, A. Vukovic

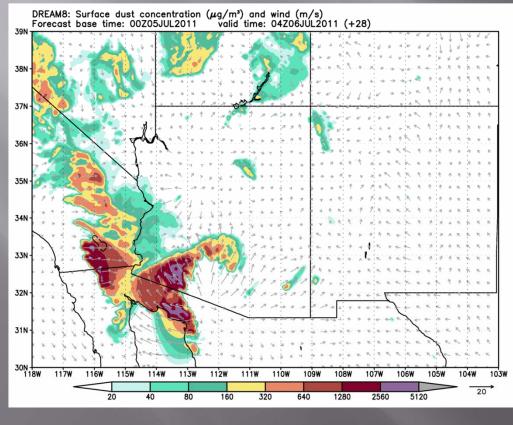
VF in Maricopa Cumulative



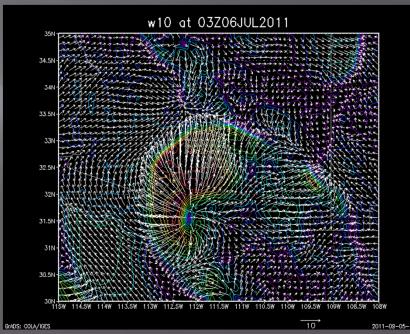
Courtesy J. Galgiani

DUST 28-HOUR "FORECAST" SHOWING HABOOB – 6 KM HORIZONTAL RESOLUTION

WIND MAGNITUDE AND STREAM FUNCTION -- 3.5 KM HORIZONTAL RESOLUTION



W.A.Sprigg, S. Nickovic, G. Pejanovic, A. Vukovic



NASA Applied Science support led to this high-resolution forecast & simulation capability

Serving Society through the World Meteorological Organization Sand and Dust Storm Warning Advisory and Assessment System

Thank You

Mediterranean North Africa, Middle East, Europe Centre East Asian Centre

> Chapman University WMO SDS-WAS, Geneva