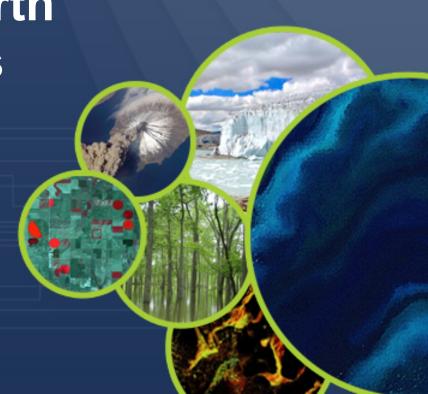


Viewing Earth Serving Society

The Committee on Earth Observation Satellites

November, 2018





Background



- Established under the auspices of the G-7 Economic Summit of Industrialized Nations (1984)
- Operates through the best efforts & voluntary contributions of 34
 Members (space agencies) & 28 Associates (UN Agencies, Phase A programs, or supporting ground facility programs)
- Delivers on high priority objectives in support of the Group on Earth Observation (GEO) Tasks as the space component of the Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS)

Mission: CEOS ensures international coordination of civil space-based Earth observation programs and promotes exchange of data to optimize societal benefit and inform decision making for securing a prosperous and sustainable future for humankind.



Primary Objectives



- Serve as a focal point for coordinating international satellite Earth Observation (EO) activities
- Optimize EO benefits via cooperation on mission planning & the development of compatible data products, formats, services, applications, & policies
- Exchange policy & technical information to encourage complementarity & compatibility among space-based EO systems & their data
- Address issues of common interest across the spectrum of EO satellite missions



Introduction to CEOS



Viewing Earth, serving society

The Committee on Earth Observation Satellites (CEOS) ensures international coordination of civil space-based Earth observation programmes

- 62 members and associates
- 151 missions currently operating
- 177 missions under development



Organisational structure



CEOS Leadership Support roles

Working Groups Virtual Constellations

Ad-hoc Teams





SEO NASA

SIT Chair NOAA SIT Vice-Chair CSIRO/GA

CEO ESA/CNES **DCEO** Vacant

Secretariat Chair Agency, ESA, EUMETSAT, MEXT/JAXA, NASA, NOAA

Virtual Constellations

- AC-VC NASA
- ESA
- LSI-VC
- ESA
- USGS
- GA
- OCR-VC
- ESA • NOAA
- OSVW-VC NOAA
- EUMETSAT
- ISRO

- OST-VC CNES
 - EUMETSAT
 - P-VC
 - NASA
 - JAXA
 - SST-VC
 - EUMETSAT
 - NOAA

Working Groups

WGCV

- · Chair: NASA
- Vice-Chair: CSIRO

WGCapD

- · Chair: ISRO
- Vice-Chair: NASA
- Sec: INPE

WGClimate

- Chair: EUMETSAT
- Vice-Chair: USGS

WGDisasters

- · Chair: ASI
- Vice-Chair: NASA

WGISS

- · Chair: ESA
- · Vice-Chair: CSIRO

Ad Hoc Teams

SDCG for GFOL

- ESA
- UKSA
- Vacant

GEOGLAM

- NASA
- CNES

Sustainable Development Goals

- ESA
- USGS
- CSIRO



& Services

Working Groups



Working Group on Calibration & Validation	Ensure long-term confidence in the accuracy & quality of EO data & products
Working Group on Capacity Building & Data Democracy	Increase the capacity of institutions in less developed countries for effective use of EO data for the benefit of society & to achieve sustainable development
CEOS/CGMS Working Group on Climate	Facilitate the use of Essential Climate Variable timeseries through coordination of Member initiatives & activities
Working Group on Disasters	Increase & strengthen the contribution of EO satellites to the various disaster risk management phases & raise the awareness on the benefits of using satellite EO in all phases of disasters.
Working Group on Information Systems	Coordinate the development of systems & services that manage & supply the data & information from Member

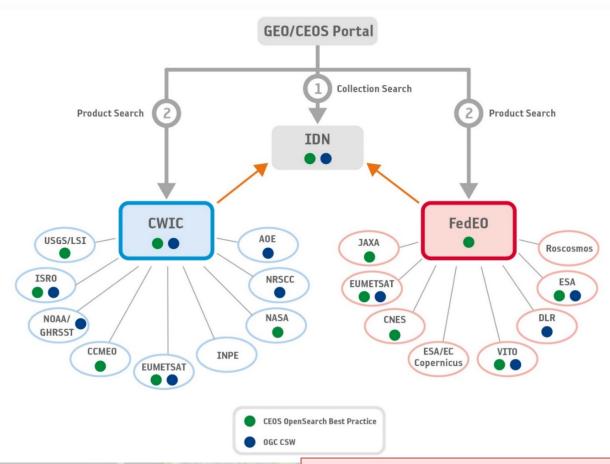
missions



WGISS Connected Data Assets (CDA)

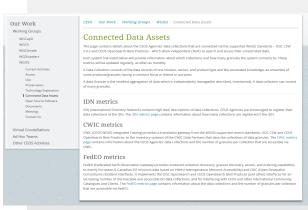


Relying on *IDN/CWIC/FedEO components*, provides a single entry point for external clients to discover and access CEOS agencies data



Search over 32,000 collections in the IDN

Access over 5000 collections with associated over 300+ million granules (granule search)





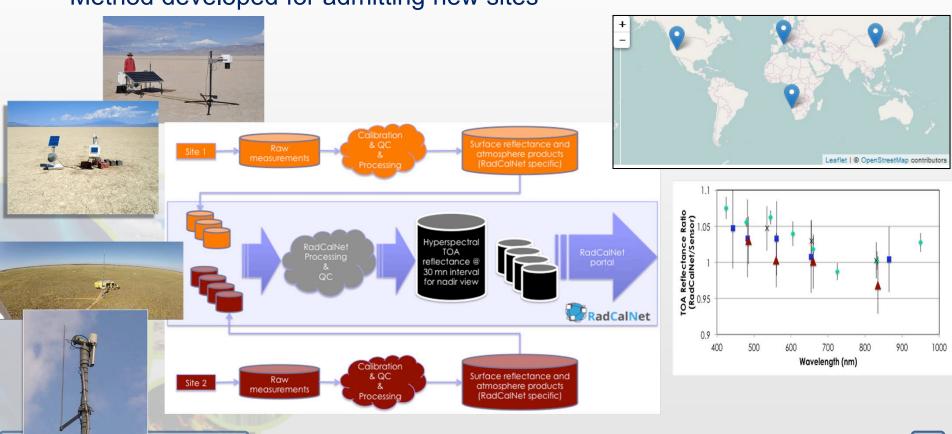
DATA-2: Full representation of CEOS Agency datasets in the IDN and accessibility via supported WGISS systems and standards



RadCalNet - Radiometric Calibration Network



- CV-9 (Radiometric Calibration Network (RADCALNET)) is complete
- Network of instrumented sites for radiometric calibration of optical sensors
- Opening of RadCalNet portal (https://www.radcalnet.org) on July 24, 2018
- Method developed for admitting new sites





Virtual Constellations



A set of space & ground segment capabilities operating in a coordinated manner to meet a combined/common set of EO requirements, aiming to:

- Demonstrate the value of collaborative partnerships in addressing key observational gaps & bridge multiple GEO Societal Benefit Areas while maintaining the independence of individual contributions
- Focus dialogue from "all topics, all agencies" to small, specialized groups
- Provide guidance on the design & development of future systems to meet the broad spectrum of EO requirements:
 - Avoiding duplication & overlap in EO efforts
 - Closing information gaps for GEO SBAs
 - Establishing & sustaining global EO coverage & data availability



Virtual Constellations



Current CEOS Virtual Constellations include:

- Atmospheric Composition (AC-VC)
- Land Surface Imaging (LSI-VC)
- Ocean Colour Radiometry (OCR-VC)
- Ocean Surface Topography (OST-VC)
- Ocean Surface Vector Wind (OSVW-VC)
- Precipitation (P-VC)
- Sea Surface Temperature (SST-VC)



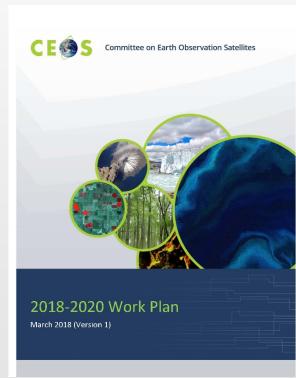
CEOS Work Plan



The CEOS Work Plan Expected Outcomes defines the organisation's work for the coming 3 years in the following thematic areas:

- Climate Monitoring, Research, & Services
- Carbon Observations, Including Forested Regions
- Observations for Agriculture
- Observations for Disasters
- Observations for Water
- Capacity Building, Data Access, Availability & Quality
- Advancement of the CEOS Virtual Constellations
- Support to Other Key Stakeholder Initiatives
- Outreach to Key Stakeholders
- Organizational Issues

The CEOS Work Plan is defined for 3 years and Updated annually.





Institutional relationships







- CEOS is GEO's "space arm" coordinating the provision of space data to the Global Earth Observation System of Systems
- CEOS seeks to benefit from GEO's "convening power"
- Strong institutional relationship on all levels
- Annual bilateral meeting arranged with GEO Secretariat to align work











- CEOS Climate work feeds into the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change through the Subsidiary Body for Scientific and Technical Advice (SBSTA)
- SBSTA is one of two SBs which supports the work of the COP



Institutional relationships



UN International Strategy for Disaster Reduction – Sendai framework





- CEOS contribution through activities from the WG on Disasters, since 2011 in order to promote & enhance the use of EO data in all phases of Disaster Risk Management, with focus on Disaster Risk Reduction.
 - Use of EO satellite data is recognized as key for DRR in "Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030"
- Several activities with strong involvement of user communities and major non-space stakeholders e.g. World Bank GFDRR.

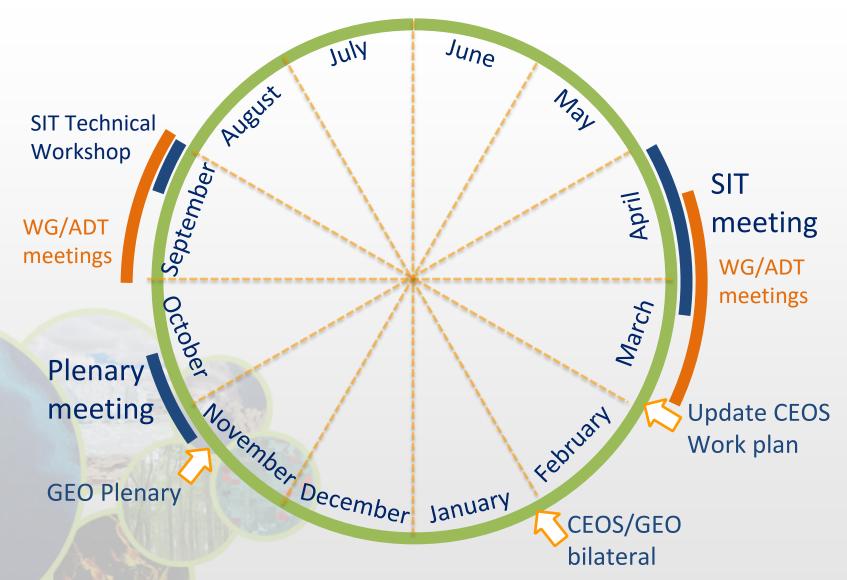
UN Sustainable Development Goals

- EO can support several of the 17 SDG goals (2, 6, 11, 14 and 15) and associated targets and indicators.
 - On indicators, cooperation with UN agencies and National Statistical Agencies
- Dedicated CEOS Ad Hoc Team on SDG



CEOS Annual Cycle

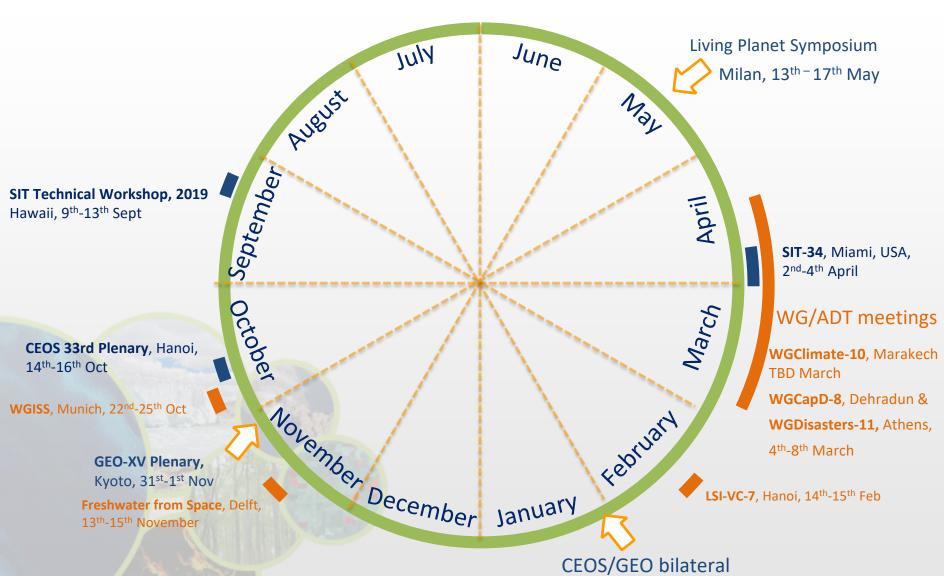






CEOS Upcoming Meetings







Highlights ARD – S2/L8 Harmonized Product



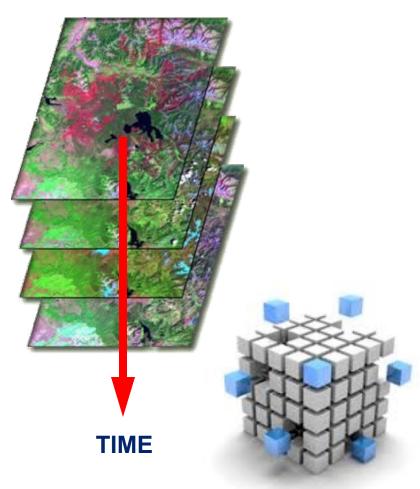




What are Data Cubes?



- Data Cube = Time-series multi-dimensional (space, time, data type) stack of spatially aligned pixels ready for analysis
- Analysis Ready Data (ARD) ... Dependent on processed products to reduce processing burden on users
- Open source software approach allows free access, promotes expanded capabilities, and increases data usage.
- Provides a "ready-to-use" environment for users which facilitates time series exploitation and supports the development of applications



Open Data Cube: 49 countries in 20 months



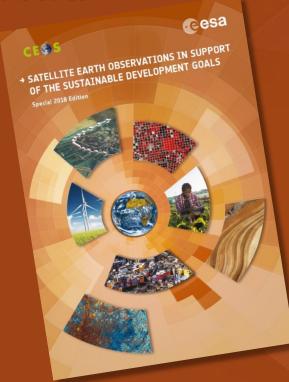
Operational: Australia, Colombia, Switzerland, Taiwan, Kenya, Tanzania, Ghana, Sierra Leone, Senegal

CEOS EO Handbook on SDGs



Part I

Role of EO data in support to the SDGs



Part II

Stakeholders' perspectives on EO for the SDGs

Part II: Perspectives on EO for the SDGs

1. UN-GGIM: The Role of Geospatial Information and Earth Observations in the SDGs: A Policy Perspective

2. UNSD: Earth Observation for Ecosystem Accounting

National Statistical Organisations and Their Use of EO

- 3. Australia: Forging Close Collaboration Between EO Scientists and Official Statisticians - An Australian Case Study
- 4. Mexico: Monitoring the 2030 Agenda in Mexico: Institutional Coordination and the Integration of Information

Custodian Agencies and Their Use of EO

5. FAO: Perspectives from a Custodian Agency for Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries 6. UN-Habitat: The 'Urban' SDG and the Role for Satellite Earth Observations

7. GEO: EO4SDG: Earth Observations in Service of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development 8. Pan-European Space Data Providers and Industry Working in Support of the SDGs

Non-Governmental Organisations

9. Radiant Earth: The Rise of Data Philanthropy and Open Data in Support of the 2030 Agenda 10. GPSDD: Building a Demand-Driven Approach to the Data Revolution for Sustainable Development

International Financing Institutions

11. Environmental Information from Satellites in Support of Development Aid

Part III

Examples of EO contribution to SDG Targets and Indicators

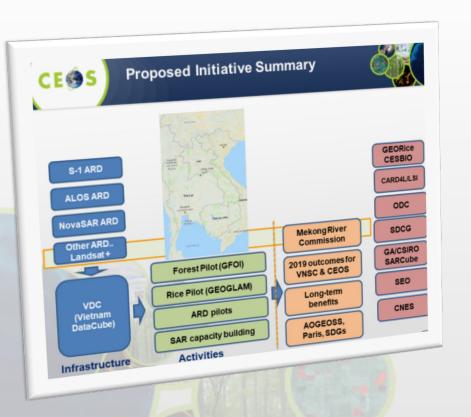




CEOS Chair focus in 2019



CEOS Chair priorities for 2019





Priority #1:

Carbon Observations (forested regions)

Priority #2:

Observations for Agriculture (rice)

Including the development of a Mekong Delta datacube.



The CEOS Website



HOME

ABOUT CEOS ▼ OUR WORK ▼ MEETINGS

DATA & TOOLS

RESOURCES CONTACT US

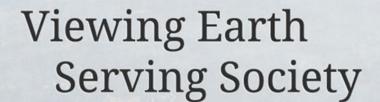
LOGIN



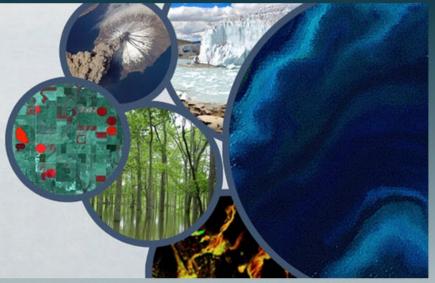








Learn More >

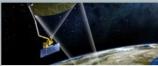


Viewing Earth Serving Society





Faces of CEOS: NASA's Brian Killough Talks CEOS Tools



Successful Launch for Soil Moisture Observatory: SMAP





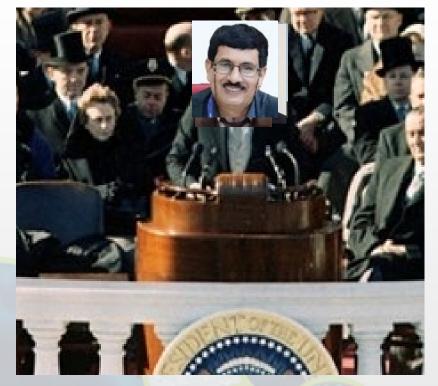
Satellite Earth Observations for Disaster Risk Reduction



Successful Launch: KOMPSAT-3A







... as this famous CEOS Principal once said

" ... ask not what CEOS can do for you, but what you can do for CEOS

... in making the planet's EO programmes greater than the sum of their individual parts

...









CEOS Members & Associates



MEMBERS (34)

Agenzia Spaziale Italiana (ASI)

Canadian Space Agency (CSA)

Centre National d'Etudes Spatiales (CNES), France

Centro para Desarrollo Tecnólogico Industrial (CDTI), Spain

China Center for Resources Satellite Data & Applications (CRESDA)

Chinese Academy of Space Technology (CAST)

Comisión Nacional de Actividades Espaciales (CONAE), Argentina

Commonwealth Scientific & Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO), Australia

Deutsches Zentrum fürLuft-und Raumfahrt (DLR), Germany

European Commission (EC)

European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)

European Space Agency (ESA)

Geo-Informatics & Space Technology Development Agency (GISTDA),

Thailand

Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO)

Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais (INPE), Brazil

Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency/Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports,

Science, & Technology (JAXA/MEXT)
Korea Aerospace Research Institute (KARI)

Korea Meteorological Administration (KMA)

National Aeronautics & Space Administration (NASA), USA

National Institute of Environmental Research (NIER)

National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), USA

National Remote Sensing Center of China (NRSCC)

National Satellite Meteorological Center/Chinese Meteorological Administration (NSMC/CMA)

National Space Agency of Ukraine (NKAU)

National Space Research Agency of Nigeria (NASRDA)

Netherlands Space Office (NSO)

Russian Federal Space Agency (ROSCOSMOS)

Russian Federal Service for Hydrometeorology & Environmental Monitoring (ROSHYDROMET)

South African National Space Agency (SANSA)

Scientific & Technological Research Council of Turkey (TÜBITAK)

United Arab Emirates Space Agency (UAE SA)

United Kingdom Space Agency (UKSA)

United States Geological Survey (USGS)
Vietnam Academy of Science & Technology (VAST)

ASSOCIATES (28)

Australian Bureau of Meteorology

Belgian Federal Science Policy Office (BELSPO)

Canada Centre for Mapping & Earth Observation (CCMEO)

Crown Research Institute (CRI), New Zealand

Earth Systems Science Organisation (ESSO), India

South African Council for Scientific & Industrial Research

(CSIR)/Satellite Applications Centre (SAC)

Gabonese Agency for Space Studies and Observations (AGEOS)

Global Climate Observing System (GCOS)

Geoscience Australia

Global Geodetic Observing System (GGOS)

Global Ocean Observing System (GOOS)

Global Terrestrial Observing System (GTOS)

Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)

International Council for Science (ICSU)

International Geosphere-Biosphere Programme (IGBP)

International Ocean Colour Coordinating Group (IOCCG)

International Society of Photogrammetry & Remote Sensing (ISPRS)

Malaysian National Space Agency (ANGKASA)

Mexican Space Agency (AEM)

Norwegian Space Centre (NSC)

Swedish National Space Agency (SNSA)

United Nations Economic & Social Commission for Asia & the Pacific (ESCAP)

United Nations Educational, Scientific & Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)

United Nations Food & Agriculture Organization (FAO)

United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs (UNOOSA)

World Climate Research Programme (WCRP)

World Meteorological Organization (WMO)



Acronyms



SIT Strategic Implementation Team

CEO CEOS Executive Officer

SEO Systems Engineering Office

AC-VC Atmospheric Composition Virtual Constellation

LSI-VC Land Surface Imaging Virtual Constellation

OCR-VC Ocean Colour Radiometry Virtual Constellation

OST-VC Ocean Surface Topography Virtual Constellation

OSVW-VC Ocean Surface Vector Wind Virtual Constellation

P-VC Precipitation Virtual Constellation

SST-VC Sea Surface Temperature Virtual Constellation

WGCV Working Group on Calibration & Validation

WGCapD Working Group on Capacity Building & Data Democracy

WGClimate Working Group on Climate (joint CEOS & CGMS)

WGDisasters Working Group on Disasters

WGISS Working Group on Information Systems & Services

SDCG for GFOI Space Data Coordination Group for Global Forest Observation Initiative

GEOGLAM GEO Global Agricultural Monitoring