



ISPRS Sustaining Members



Adam Technology
Attn: Tom Tsuda
Unit 3
41 Belmont Avenue
Belmont, Western Australia 6104
Australia
Tel: +61-8-9479-5575
Fax: +61-8-9479-5585
E-mail: adam@adamtech.com.au
Website: <http://www.iinet.com.au/~adamtech/>

Aerial
Attn: Pierre Gallot
670 Avenue Jean Perrin
13851 Aix en Provence, Cedex 3
France
Tel: +33-42-60-05-45
Fax: +33-42-24-26-04

Aero Asahi Corporation
Attn: Kokichi Kimura
32nd Fl. Sunshine 60 Bldg.
1-1 Higashi-ikebukuro, 3 chome
Toshima-ku, Tokyo 107
Japan
Tel: +81-3-3988-6811
Fax: +81-3-3988-4578

Aerofilms Limited
Attn: Lindsay Simmons
Gate Studios
Station Road
Borhamwood, Hertfordshire WD6
1EJ
United Kingdom
Tel: +44-181-207-0666
Fax: +44-181-207-5433
E-mail: aerofilms@compuserve.com

Agfa-Gevaert N.V.
Attn: Frans Peeters ext.4160
Septestraat 27
B-2640 Mortsel
Belgium

Applanix Corporation
Attn: Erik Lithopoulos
550 Alden Road
Unit 112
Markham, Ontario
L3R 6A8 Canada
Tel: +1-905-475-2221
Fax: +1-905-475-2965
E-mail: ELithopoulos@applanix.com

Asia Air Survey Co. Ltd.
Attn: Mr Masataka Fuchimoto
2-18 Shinjuku-4, Shinjuku-ku
Tokyo 160-0022
Japan
Tel: +81-3-5379-2151
Fax: +81-3-5379-2158
E-mail: mt.fuchimoto@ajiko.co.jp

Core Software Technology
Attn: Clinton Libbey
Second Floor
675 South Arroyo Parkway
Pasadena, CA 91105
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-626-796-9155, 703-917-8700

Fax: +1-626-796-8574, 703-917-0212
E-mail: clinton@coresw.com
Website: <http://www.coresw.com>

DIAR - Sezione Rilevamento-
Politecnico di Milano
Attn: Luigi Mussio
Piazza Leonardo da Vinci, 32
20133 Milano
Italy
Tel: +39-02-2399-6501
Fax: +39-02-2399-6530
E-mail: luigi@ipmtf2.topo.polimi.it

DLR (German Aerospace Research
Center)
Attn: M. Schroeder
Postfach 1116
D-82230 Wessling
Germany
Tel: +49-8153-282790
Fax: +49-8153-281444
E-mail: manfred.schroeder@dlr.de

EarthWatch, Incorporated
Attn: Customer Services
1900 Pike Road
Longmont, CO 80501
U.S.A.

Tel: +1-800-496-1225
or +1-303-702-5561
Fax: +1-303-702-5562
E-mail: info@digitalglobe.com

Eastman Kodak Company
Aerial Imaging
1447 St. Paul Street
Rochester, NY 14653-7129
U.S.A.

Tel: +1-716-253-1855
Fax: +1-716-253-0705
E-mail: Aerial@Kodak.com

ERIM International Conferences
Attn: John J. Wharton
P.O. Box 134008
Ann Arbor, MI 48113-4008
U.S.A.

Tel: +1-734-994-1200 Ext. 3428
Fax: +1-734-994-5123
E-mail: jwharton@erim-int.com
Website: <http://www.erim-int.com/CONF/conf.html>

ESRI
Attn: Ms Claudia Ruiz
380 New York Street
Redlands CA 92373
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-909-793-2853 ext. 1945
Fax: +1-909-307 3072
E-mail: cruiz@esri.com

ETH Zurich, Chair of
Photogrammetry & Remote Sensing
Attn: Prof. Dr Armin Gruen
Institute of Geodesy and
Photogrammetry
ETH-Hoenggerberg
CH-8093 Zurich,
Switzerland
Tel: +41-1-633-3038
Fax: +41-1-633-1101
E-mail: agruen@geod.ethz.ch

Eurimage
Attn: Marcello Maranesi
Via Edoardo D'Onofrio, 212
00155 Rome
Italy
Tel: +39-06-40694200
Fax: +39-06-40694231
E-mail: maranesi@eurimage.com

Finnmap FM-International Oy
Attn: Mr Paavo Martinmaa
P.O. Box 14
FIN-00511 Helsinki
Finland
Tel: +358-9-229-30650
E-mail: paavo.martinmaa@finnmap.com

Geocarto International Centre
Attn: K. N. Au
Rooms 16 & 17, 2nd Floor
Wah Ming Centre
421 Queen's Road West
Hong Kong
Tel: +852-2546-4262
Fax: +852-2559-3419
E-mail: geocarto@hkstar.com
Website: <http://www.geocarto.com>

Getty Conservation Institute
Attn: Mr Christopher Gray
Documentation Program
1200 Getty Center Drive, Suite 700
Los Angeles CA 90049-1684
U.S.A.
Tel: +310-440-6254 or 6744
Fax: +310-440-7709
E-mail: c.gray@getty.edu

GITC bv
Attn: Johan Boesjes
Nieuwedijk 43
P.O. Box 112
8530 AC Lemmer
The Netherlands
Tel: +31-514-56-1854
Fax: +31-514-56-3898
E-mail: johan.boesjes@gitc.nl
Website: www.gitc.nl

INPE
National Institute for Space
Research
Attn: Dr Thelma Krug
Avenida dos Astronautas 1758
Jardim da Granja
12227-010 - Sao José dos Campos, SP
Brazil
Tel: +55-12-345-6450
+55-12-341-1868
Fax: +55-12-345-6460
E-mail: thelma@tid.inpe.br

INPHO GmbH
Attn: Manfred Sigle
Smaragdweg 1
70174 Stuttgart
Germany
Tel: +49-711-228810
Fax: +49-711-2288111
E-mail: inpho@inpho.de
Website: www.inpho.de

Institute for Photogrammetry
University of Stuttgart
Attn: Prof. Dr. Dieter Fritsch

Geschwister-Scholl-Str. 24 (D)
D-70174 Stuttgart
Germany
Tel: +49-711-121-3386
Fax: +49-711-121-3297
E-mail: dieter.fritsch@ifp.uni-stuttgart.de

Interbranch Association "SOVIN-
FORMSPUTNIK"
Attn: Victor N. Lavrov
47, Leningradskiy prospect
125167 Moscow,
Russia
Tel: +7-095-943-0757
Fax: +7-501-943-0585
E-mail: id@iasis.msk.su

International Center for Remote
Sensing of Environment (ICRSE)
Attn: Jim Weber
UMBC Technology Center
Box 2-11
1450 S. Rolling Road
Baltimore, MD 21227
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-410-455-5573
Fax: +1-410-455-5575
E-mail: ISRSE@Symposia.org

Kampsax Geoplan
Attn: Lars Gjøg Petersen
Stamholmen 112
DK-2650 Hvidovre
Denmark
Tel: +45-36-39-09-00
Fax: +45-36-77-24-21
E-mail: lgp@kampsax.dk

Kimoto Co. Ltd.
Attn: Y. Endo, System Sales Group
BYGS Bldg. No. 19-1, Shinjuku 2-
chome
Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 160-0022, Japan
Tel: +81-3-3350-4670
Fax: +81-3-3350-4730
E-mail: Kimoto-y.endo@nifty.ne.jp

Kokusai Kogyo Co. Ltd.
Attn: Masao Kouzu
3-6-1 Asahigaoka
Hino City
Tokyo 191-0065
Japan
Tel: +81-42-583-3870
Fax: +81-42-583-4115
E-mail: mkouzu@kkc.co.jp

LH Systems, LLC
Attn: Dr A. Stewart Walker
10965 Via Frontera
San Diego, CA 92127
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-858-675-3335 x 112
Fax: +1-858-675-3345
E-mail: walker@lh-systems.com
Website: www.lh-systems.com

Leica GeoSystems AG
Attn: Waltraud Strobl
Heinrich-Wild Strasse
CH-9435 Heerbrugg
Switzerland
Tel: +41-71-727-3209
Fax: +41-71-727-4689

Lockheed Martin Corporation
Management & Data Systems
Attn: John Baran
P.O. Box 8048-13E18
Philadelphia, PA 19101
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-610-531-6000
Fax: +1-610-962-2153

MATRA Systèmes & Information
Attn: Yves Lafevillade
6 rue Dewoitine, BP 14
F-78142 Vélizy
France
Tel: +33-1-34 63 76 01
Fax: +33-1-34 63 74 44
Website: www.matra.msi.fr

National Remote Sensing Agency
Attn: ABSV Prasada Rao
Librarian
Department of Space, Government
of India
Balanagar, Hyderabad - 500 037
India
Fax: + 91-40-3078648
E-mail: library@nrsa.gov.in

Open GIS Consortium, Inc.
Attn: Lance McKee
35 Main Street, Suite 5
Wayland, MA 01778
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-508-655-5858
Fax: +1-508-655-2237
E-mail: lmckee@opengis.org
Website: www.opengis.org

PASCO Corporation
Att:Shigeaki Yomoda
Technology Development
Department
No.1-1-2, Higashiyama,Meguro-ku,
Tokyo, 153-0043

Japan
Tel:+81-3-3715-1538
Fax:+81-3-3715-6612
E-mail Shigeaki_Yomoda@pasco.
co.jp

RACURS
Attn: Alexander Chekurin
Commercial Director
Ul Myasnitskaya 40-6
Office 605, Racurs
101000 Moscow
Russia
Tel: +7-095-928-2001
Fax: +7-095-928-6118
E-mail: racurs@mtu-net.ru
Website: opensys.ire.ras.ru/racurs

Remote Sensing Centre of General
Department of Land Administration
(GDLA) of Vietnam
Attn: Dr To Quang Thinh, Director
Lang Thuong - Dong Da
Hanoi
Vietnam
Tel/Fax: +84-4-8350728
E-mail: nguyenuockhanh@
yahoo.com

Saab Survey Systems
Attn: Ms Birgitta Edquist Karlsson
PO Box 1017
S-551 11 Jönköping
Sweden
Tel: +46-36-194800
Fax: +46-36-194588
E-mail: birgitta.edquist@survey.
combitech.se

Siscam
Attn: Ing. Giancarlo Capanni
Via Masaccio 87
50132 Florence
Italy

Tel: +39-55-2476020
Fax: +39-55-2347760
E-mail: SISCAM@ats.it

Space Imaging
12076 Grant St.
Thornton, CO 80241 - 3102
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-303-254-2000
Fax: +1-303-254-2215

SPOT Image
Attn: Jacques Mouysset
5 rue des Satellites
BP 4359
31030 Toulouse Cedex 4
France
Tel: +33-5-6219-4040
Fax: +33-5-6219-4011

Stora Enso Forest Consulting Oy Ltd
Kuparintie 47
55100 Imatra
Finland
Tel: +358 (0) 2046 121
Fax: +358 (0) 2046 24960
Website: www.storaenso.com/sefd

StorageTek
Attn: Ms Cathy Williams
Storage Technology Corporation
2270 South 88th Street
Louisville, Colorado 80028-0001
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-303-661-2622
Fax: +1-303-661-6221
E-mail:
WilliCK@Louisville.Stortek.com

Survey & Development Services Ltd
Attn: Mr John McCreadie
3 Hope Street
Bo'Ness
West Lothian

Scotland
U. K.
Tel: +44-1506-518-000
Fax: +44-1506-517-777
E-mail: jem@sds.cd.uk

Department of Geomatic
Engineering, UCL, London
Attn: Ian Dowman
University College London
Gower Street
London WC1E 6BT
U.K.
Tel: +44-171-380-7226
Fax: +44-171-380-0453
E-mail: idowman@ge.ucl.ac.uk

School of Geomatic Engineering,
UNSW,
Attn: John Trinder
The University of New South Wales
Sydney NSW 2052
Australia
Tel: +61-2-9385-4197
Fax: +61-2-9313-7493
E-mail: j.trinder@unsw.edu.au

Z/I Imaging GmbH
Attn: Mr Rudolf Spiller, CEO
P.O. Box 1106
D-73442 Oberkochen
Germany
Tel: +49-7364-20-3310
Fax: +49-7364-20-2929
E-mail: r.spiller@zeiss.de

Z/I Imaging Corporation
301 Cochran Road, Suite 9
Huntsville, AL 35824
Attn: Phillip F. Kern
U.S.A.
Tel: +1-256-730-1827
Fax: +1-256-730-6708
E-mail: pfkern@zimaging.com



Welcome to new ISPRS Sustaining Members
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Profile of New Sustaining Members



Stora Enso Forest Consulting Oy Ltd

Stora Enso Forest Consulting Oy Ltd (SEFC) is an international forestry consulting company with unparalleled practical experience. Our expertise covers essential areas of remote sensing and natural resource management.

SEFC has gained experience of remote sensing especially in the tropics. We are utilising both satellite images and airborne data in our projects. The most typical SEFC customers are forestry companies and institutions. We have especially developed stratified sampling techniques with satellite data in order to optimise the need of ground truth.

For cloudy conditions we have developed EnsoMOSAIC, a digital small scale imagery system which enables us to carry out imagery below the clouds. The development work has been done in cooperation with VTT

(Technical Research Center of Finland). The system produces high-resolution, geo-referenced true or false color image mosaics. The whole EnsoMOSAIC process is fully digital, from image capturing to the creation of the image mosaics. Imaging is controlled by PC software that triggers the camera and labels the images with GPS coordinates. The EnsoMOSAIC image processing software semi-automatically rectifies hundreds of images at a time, applying a bundle adjustment, and joins them into a large geo-referenced mosaic. In addition to the image mosaics, the system creates also a Digital Terrain Model of the imaged area. All the image processing is done on a standard PC with a high-capacity hard disk for data storage. The digital data facilitates flexible printing of mosaic maps on any scale and importing the data into a GIS for further processing.

EnsoMOSAIC system is currently under installation in the Sarawak Forest Department. The mosaicking software



is also used for research and training in the University of Helsinki, the University of Joensuu and the University of Turku. Imagery services have been carried out mostly in Latin America and South East Asia.

Simultaneously with the PC system, a prototype of a fully automatic image processing system based on parallel computing has been created. This new version will result in even faster mosaic creation and more accurate Digital Terrain Models.

GIS is a natural tool for applying the digital mosaics. Furthermore, we are applying GIS tools in our Forest Resource Information System (EnsoFRIS), which combines GIS, DBMS, remote sensing and other needed applications. Currently we are installing EnsoFRIS for the Turkish Ministry of Forestry.

Our special knowledge in GIS and remote sensing is briefly described in our web page in <http://www.storaenso.com/sefd/eng/index.html>.



News from Sustaining Members



Space Imaging

First Image from the IKONOS Satellite Shows Washington, D.C. World's First High-Resolution Commercial Earth Image Reveals Remarkable Detail

Today Space Imaging released the world's first high-resolution commercial satellite image of the Earth. The one-meter resolution black-and-white image of Washington, D.C., collected by Space Imaging's IKONOS satellite, has unprecedented clarity and detail for commercial space imagery. The image <http://www.spaceimaging.com/ikonos/firstimage.htm> showcases part of the Mall area in the heart of Washington D.C., and is downloadable from the Space Imaging Web site <http://www.spaceimaging.com/ikonos/firstimage.htm> (see details below). The image caption is also available on the Web.

"The clarity and detail of this first IKONOS image is validation of the leadership position of Lockheed Martin and Raytheon in optical imaging systems," said John Cople, Space Imaging's chief executive officer. "The launch was perfect and was itself a major milestone. Just three days after launch we were able to activate systems and start testing the collection capabilities of IKONOS – bringing us even closer to providing this new source of information to our customers. This is a remarkable achievement that would only have been possible with the heritage technology of Lockheed Martin and Raytheon."

Cople continued, "The CARTERRA™ image of Washington, D.C., taken September 30, was validation that the satellite was in perfect working order. Although we still have to calibrate the system to further improve and characterize the imagery, we are very pleased of the results so far. I want to thank all of our customers, vendors, and investors for the support that has made this possible."

Jeff Harris, Space Imaging's president, added, "Space Imaging employees huddled together and watched the image come up on a large projected screen. Their awe-

inspired reaction will no doubt be echoed by our customers and the industry. We are all so excited about this momentous event – the result of several years of hard work, dedication and commitment of our employees, and the patience and faith of our customers."

The Washington, D.C. image is an example of the IKONOS satellite's collection capabilities. The image has not been processed to have a map-accuracy quality. The IKONOS satellite also has a sensor that collects four-meter multispectral (color) imagery. As satellite calibrations and check-out continue, imagery from the multispectral sensor will be released. IKONOS imagery and products, marketed under Space Imaging's CARTERRA™ brand name, will be available for sale to customers by the end of this year. Initial product orders are being taken by Space Imaging's Customer Service Center (+301-552-0537 or 800-232-9037).

The IKONOS satellite orbits the Earth in a sun-synchronous orbit - meaning it simply follows the sun as it travels around the globe - and its Eastman Kodak-built camera is an optical imaging device. The near-perfect optical sharpness of Kodak's telescope has never been achieved in any commercial space camera. The satellite circles the globe 14 times per day, or once every 98 minutes. The imagery is stored in Space Imaging's digital CARTERRA™ archive and can be made available to customers very quickly - in as little as a few hours or days.

Images from the IKONOS satellite will have unlimited utility in a number of markets including state and local government, mapping, agriculture, forestry, emergency response, utilities, telecommunications, real estate, environment, national security, transportation, and insurance and risk management. Highly detailed maps of entire countries can be made for the first time. Farmers can more precisely monitor the health of crops and estimate yields. Scientists can look at environmentally sensitive areas and predict trends. Government officials can monitor and plan enlightened land use policies. City planners can further the development of new housing communities. New and emerging uses include measuring and mapping damage to properties after natural disasters, planning for emergency

response, mapping transportation networks, developing in-vehicle navigation systems, and planning and developing real estate.

"The potential uses for IKONOS imagery are vast and we have just begun to scratch the surface," said Copple. "The value of this new source of information will create a demand like we've never seen before for imagery of the Earth."

The name IKONOS is derived from the Greek word for "image." The name is pronounced "Eye-KOH-nos."

Space Imaging is a leading supplier of space imagery, aerial photography, mapping services, and derivative geographic information products and services. In addition to selling imagery from its IKONOS satellite, Space Imaging

collects and distributes Earth imagery from the Indian Remote Sensing satellites, the U.S. Landsat, Canada's RADARSAT, the European Space Agency's ERS satellites and the Japanese JERS imaging system. The company also collects aerial images using its Digital Airborne Imaging System, DAIS 1™.

Investors in Space Imaging's IKONOS system include Lockheed Martin Corp., Raytheon Company, Mitsubishi Corporation, Singapore's Van Der Horst Ltd., Korea's Hyundai Space & Aircraft, Europe's Remote Sensing Affiliates, Swedish Space Corporation and Thailand's Loxley Public Company Ltd.

(Press release 12-10-99)

Z/I Imaging

DMC: Designed with the End-use in Mind

Z/I Imaging has chosen the 47th German Photogrammetric Week (20-24 Sep) to present its expected answer to the digital sensor system which LH Systems announced earlier this year (see GIM International's May issue). The design concept of Z/I's Digital Modular Camera system is currently aimed at applications additional to Zeiss's existing photographic mapping and reconnaissance systems and fits in its entire product line. Z/I's statement regarding the date of introduction was: 'We will not necessarily be the first,

but we are not interested in being second. Of course Amsterdam is a keyword in this respect'.

Showing up in Amsterdam with something real is a tough goal, but Rudi Spiller and his DMC project leader Dr Alex Hinz and product manager Helmut Heier are confident of hitting the target in time. First of all the approval of the Z/I Imaging joint venture by the US Department of Justice on the 23rd of August has rocketed the spirit in Oberkochen. Other contributions to this confidence have to be named as well. The company did an extensive and expensive marketing study, which revealed a wider range of applications in their existing market. The relationship with Intergraph is instrumental as a lot of software development is required for the DMC system. Last, and most instrumental according to Rudi Spiller, is the young team working on the DMC project in Oberkochen. Z/I recently hired a few bright young scientists to bring in the latest knowledge acquired during PhD research, to speed up the development of the DMC.

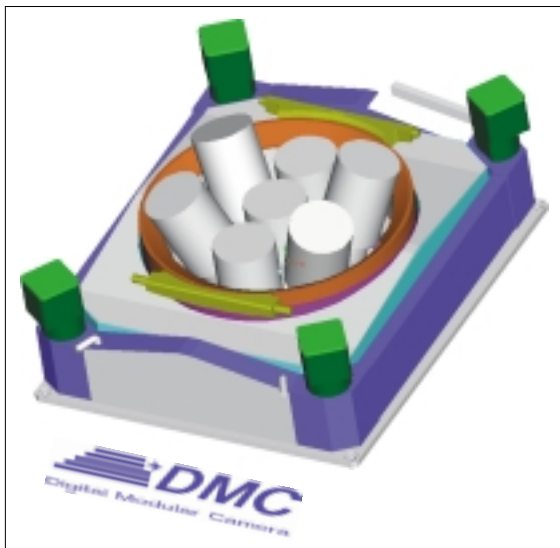


Figure 1, Arrangement of a 7-head camera in a standard gyro-stabilised RMK mount: 3 parallel oriented heads are for recording multi-spectral colour composite images; four converging heads acquire data for a single mosaiced panchromatic image

Modular Array Concept

Regarding the outcome of the market research, a customer-oriented system had to be designed. Rudi Spiller likes to use the term 'applicationised' in this respect. Modularity is the key to enabling customisation without (partial) redesigning. The modular approach, which is reflected in the registered trademark 'Digital Modular Camera'. The recording system is basically modular in that it comprises a variable number of synchronously operating array cameras which can be built together in different ways to fit Zeiss's standard gyro-stabilised camera mount. In order to enable a sufficiently high ground resolution, the minimum number of camera heads will be two. Up to seven camera heads can be built together depending on the application; see Figure 1. In that specific configuration three parallel cameras in a row generate multi-spectral three-band imagery for the acquisition of colour composites. Four panchromatic images from converging cameras, two at each side of the multi-spectral cameras, are mo-





This one-metre resolution black-and-white image of Washington D.C. was collected by Space Imaging's IKONOS satellite on 30th September 1999. This image showcases several major landmarks including the United States Capitol, the Washington Monument and its shadow, the Department of Commerce and several museums of the Smithsonian. (Source: Space Imaging – www.spaceimaging.com)

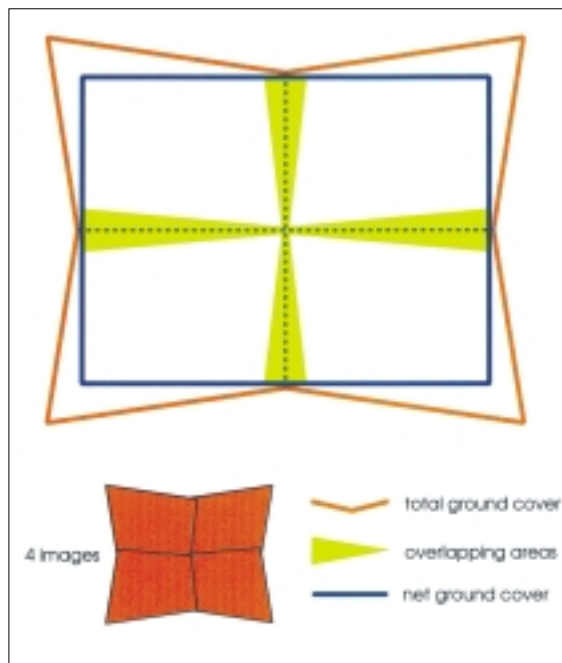


Figure 2, Ground coverage of a single panchromatic image (blue rectangle) originating from four synchronously operating digital camera heads. The yellow cross indicates overlapping areas between the four images

saiced digitally to form a single image; see Figure 2. The colour composite image and the composed panchromatic image have the same ground coverage. Though the actual size of the array has not yet been revealed, the cross track resolution for a single camera head will be somewhere between 4,000 and 8,000 pixels. The number of camera heads can be changed and their resolution can be upgraded rapidly with higher resolution arrays, as this is part of the DMC's modular concept.

Basic Design Criteria

Z/I decided to design an integrated system in which the camera is only one component within this entire system. Moreover, that system had to be consistent with current work flows in mapping and reconnaissance, which are based on using a photographic camera in combination with a scanner. This condition implied that the next process after digital image recording (the image processing) is the current matrix-oriented one. As the DMC system has to be used for both mapping and reconnaissance (about 50/50), both vertical and side-looking views are required and forward motion of the image needs to be compensated. An airborne line-scanning system not only requires incorporation of an INS, it also needs real-time kinematic GPS positioning to improve the geometric accuracy, otherwise it cannot compete with high-resolution satellite imagery. Currently, in most areas, a permanently installed real-time GPS reference system is still lacking. Hence, the final decision was for a frame sensor.

Complementary and Integrated Systems

Currently, the advantage of using a digital camera is only in a small part of the applications, as it cannot replace the photographic camera. Thus it is better to develop a special camera for those applications which need the timeliness offered by a digital system and where the lower resolution is not a problem; for instance in recording linear objects like roads, power lines and coastlines. When introducing a digital recording system, Z/I is eager to prevent this system becoming a competitor with the current analogue system, which is one of the company's cash cows. So the new, fully digital DMC system is designed as an add-on and is meant to be used in an integrated way with current analogue-digital systems. By consequence the DMC data processing needs to be integrated as far as possible too. The envisaged mosaiced panchromatic imagery will be recorded with two (or four) synchronously operating digital camera heads. In order to use the current Phodis and Image Station software, the panchromatic imagery must be pre-processed in such a way that it is equivalent with scanned photographic imagery. This process condition implies that the two (or four) projection centres of the mosaiced images must be replaced by one virtual projection centre. Hence, pre-processing is needed to integrate digital imaging data into current digital image-processing work flows.

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Tel: 1-734-994-1200, ext. 3234
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From 3-block to 2-block System

A digital system has the advantage that the scanner between the imaging phase and the image-processing phase, doing the A-D conversion, can be left out. In consequence the 3-block analogue- digital system can be replaced by a 2-block fully digital system. But this change has its influence on the remaining two blocks as well. Dispensing of the scanning block in a fully digital system, implies that without additional measures there is not an intermediate product anymore, like the developed film, which allows for an evaluation of the recorded data before further processing begins. Hence, companies now using analogue imagery need to get acquainted with digital data processing in the imaging phase. An additional pre-processing step needs to enable evaluation of digitally recorded imagery. The mosaicing of tiled images mentioned above, needs to be part of that pre-processing. Part of the pre-processing phase can be executed already onboard the aircraft as the computer, which is integrated into the recording system, will not be permanently occupied. In-flight pre-processing will result in 'visible' information before landing. This is a big improvement compared to film, especially in reconnaissance applications, which form half of the envisaged market for the DMC.

Looking into the Future

As mentioned above, Z/I doesn't expect the analogue camera to be replaced by a digital equivalent before

2005-2010. That replacement will not depend on the increase in array size, but mainly upon the whole system performance, because there are bottlenecks in the entire digital processing chain. A manufacturer of imaging systems like Z/I cannot afford to develop dedicated digital components by itself to overcome these bottlenecks. It is forced to follow technological developments in the digital industry and to optimise its imaging systems by integrating affordable commercially available components. The real bottleneck in overall DMC system performance is in the bandwidth of the data transfer. And that will not change in the foreseeable future. On the contrary, for commercially available products it is expected that the increase in capacity of data transfer devices required for an imaging system will not keep pace with that of sensors, processors and storage media. Hence, the resolution of the DMC cannot increase at the same rate as the expected growth in array size, as seems to be predicted.

Further Reading

Initial information about the DMC system is published in the proceedings of the 47th Photogrammetric Week:

Heier, Helmut: 'Applications and market for digital airborne cameras', pages 43 - 49

Hinz, Alexander: 'The Z/I-Imaging digital aerial camera system', pages 109 - 115u

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